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INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH [2022–2023]

TOPIC: ADVERBS HANDOUT -1

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NAME: _____CLASS: IV SEC: ___ DATE: ____

Adverbs tell us more about verbs. They also modify the meaning of an Adjective or another Adverb. They tell us how, where, when and how often an action takes place.

KINDS OF ADVERBS

ADVERBS OF MANNER:

They tell us 'how' the action takes place.

E.g.1. Rekha writes **neatly**.

How does Rekha write?

She writes neatly.

'Neatly' is the Adverb of Manner in the given sentence.

E.g. 2. Shreya walks **slowly**.

How does Shreya walk?

She walks slowly.

'Slowly' is the Adverb of Manner in the given sentence.

Formation of Adverbs:

i. Adverbs of Manner are formed by adding the suffix -ly to the main verb.

e.g. honest – honestly slow- slowly quick- quickly

- ii. For Adjectives that end with 'y' we add 'ily' to form the Adverb of Manner
 - E.g. easy- easily happy- happily greedy- greedily
- iii. For Adjectives that end with 'ful' we add 'ly' to form the Adverb.
 - E.g. beautiful- beautifully cheerful- cheerfully
- iv. For Adjectives that end with 'le' we omit the 'e' and add 'y' to form the Adverb.

E.g. simple- simply gentle- gently

v. Irregular Adverbs: Some Adverbs keep the same spelling as the adjective to which they are related.

E.g. hard- hard fast- fast

ADVERBS OF PLACE:

An Adverb of Place tells 'where' the action takes place. It is usually placed after the verb or the object.

- E.g. 1. She took the baby **outside**.

 Here the word 'outside' is the Adverb of Place, whereas 'took' is the verb.
- E.g. 2. He stayed <u>abroad</u> to finish his education. Here the word 'abroad' is the Adverb of Place, whereas 'stayed' is the verb.